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APPLICATION NO.	FI	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/614,113 07/03/2003		Huican Zhu	60963-0007-US 7671		
24341	7590	10/06/2006		EXAMINER	
MORGAN,	LEWIS	& BOCKIUS, LLP	BASHORE, WILLIAM L		
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3000 EL CAI	MINO RE	EAL	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
PALO ALTO	), CA 94	4306	2176	<u> </u>	

DATE MAILED: 10/06/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
		10/614,113	ZHU ET AL.				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	ţ	William L. Bashore	2176				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication apport Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. o period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period or re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tir will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from to cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1)🛛	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 17 Ju	ulv 2006.					
2a)□	•	action is non-final.					
3)	<del></del>						
,	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Dispositi	on of Claims						
4)🖂	Claim(s) 1-41 is/are pending in the application						
·	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>16-41</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5)[	Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)🖂	Claim(s) 1-15 is/are rejected.						
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8)[							
Applicati	on Papers	•					
9)□	The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.					
10)🖂	10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>03 July 2003</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.						
•—	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)[	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	caminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119	1					
	2) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* 8	* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachmen	tie)						
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)				
2) 🔲 Notic	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	ate				
	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date <u>1/7/2005</u> .	5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	atent Application				
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## **DETAILED ACTION**

1. This action is responsive to communications: original application filed 7/3/2003. IDS filed 1/7/2005.

2. Claims 1-41 pending. Claims 1-15 have been elected, and claims 16-41 are non-elected, by applicant without traverse. Claims 1-15 are examined on the merits. Claim 1 is independent.

## Election/Restrictions

3. Applicant's election without traverse of claims 1-15 (Group I) in the reply filed on 7/17/2006 is acknowledged.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 1-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bates et al. (hereinafter Bates), U.S. Patent No. 6,404,446 issued June 2002, in view of Dolan et al. (hereinafter Dolan), U.S. Patent No. 5,801,702 issued September 1998.

In regard to independent claim 1, Bates teaches a graphic display of linked records (i.e. Web pages etc.) (Bates Abstract, Figure 1, column 6 lines 43-50).

Bates teaches a plurality of mapped link records, said records associated with source and target identifiers (Web pages or URLs) (Bates column 6 lines 28-49, Figures 1-2, 4).

Bates teaches (in at least Figures 1, 2) that said link record map is a sorted map, since each record is displayed in a hierarchical order (source to target traversal, etc.), therefore said records are sorted in part on their respective target identifiers.

It is also noted that it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention for at least one record link (i.e. URL) in Bates (Figures 1, 2) to contain an outbound link, since each record is connected accordingly, and it was typical for a Web page to contain outbound link(s), facilitating surfing of the World Wide Web.

Although Bates teaches a map registry (a form of list, i.e. Windows registry, etc.) (Bates column 9 lines 10-14), Bates does not specifically teach said registry as containing a log of records, including source and target records. However, Dolan teaches presentation of a link hierarchy, including a navigation file comprising link records (Dolan Figure 7, column 11 lines 43-55). Dolan teaches in Figure 7 a record comprising at least parent and child pointers to associated record (URLs). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to apply Dolan to Bates registry, providing Bates the benefit of extra record information for display (see also Bates column 25 lines 20-35).

In regard to dependent claim 2, Bates does not specifically teach annotations. However Dolan teaches a record list comprising "title", and "author", said title reflective of a description of the subject item intended to inform the user accordingly (an annotation) (Dolan Figure 7, column 12 lines 10-18). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to apply Dolan to Bates, providing Bates the benefit of extra record information for descriptive display.

In regard to dependent claims 3, 4, Bates does not specifically teach annotations. However Dolan teaches a record list comprising "title", and "author", said title reflective of a description of the subject item

intended to inform the user accordingly (an annotation) (Dolan Figure 7, column 12 lines 10-18). It is noted that Dolan teaches a link record for each link (outbound, etc.). Additionally, Figurer 7 also describes a list of attributes. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to apply Dolan to Bates, providing Bates the benefit of extra record information for descriptive display.

In regard to dependent claim 5, Bates does not specifically teach a text passage determined from a predetermined distance of an anchor tag. However Dolan teaches various text passages (titles) next to anchor tags (Dolan Figure 2). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to apply Dolan's titles to Bates, providing Bates's URL display (i.e. Bates Figure 1 "http://ibm.com") extra displayed descriptive information.

In regard to dependent claims 6, 7, although Bates does not forcefully disclose "layering", Bates does teach that a presented link map is a dynamic procedure, whereby node elements are automatically added as new links are taken, etc. (Bates column 7 lines 2-11), providing reasonable suggestion to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention that a form of layering is occurring (new links are layered and merged onto the existing map accordingly), providing the benefit of a dynamic surfing history (see also Bates column 27 lines 5-18).

In regard to dependent claim 8, claim 8 incorporates substantially similar subject matter as claimed in claim 1, and is rejected along the same rationale (please see the rejection of claim 1).

In regard to dependent claims 9, 10, although Bates does not forcefully disclose "layering", Bates does teach that a presented link map is a dynamic procedure, whereby node elements are automatically added as new links are taken, etc. (Bates column 7 lines 2-11), providing reasonable suggestion to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention that a form of layering is occurring (new links are layered and merged onto

the existing map accordingly), providing the benefit of a dynamic surfing history (see also Bates column 27 lines 5-18).

In regard to dependent claims 11, 12, claims 11, 12 incorporate substantially similar subject matter as claimed in claim 1, and in further view of the following, is rejected along the same rationale.

Bates teaches deletion of nodes as deemed necessary (Bates column 27 lines 1-5). It was well established at the time of the invention for the skilled artisan to apply "house cleaning" to lists of items, deleting items (URL records) which are redundant, no longer valid, etc., in order to save space.

Although Bates does not forcefully disclose "layering" or "merging", Bates does teach that a presented link map is a dynamic procedure, whereby node elements are automatically added as new links are taken, etc. (Bates column 7 lines 2-11), providing reasonable suggestion to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention that a form of layering is occurring (new links are layered and merged onto the existing map accordingly), providing the benefit of a dynamic surfing history (see also Bates column 27 lines 5-18).

In regard to dependent claim 13, Bates teaches deletion of nodes as deemed necessary (Bates column 27 lines 1-5). It was well established at the time of the invention for the skilled artisan to apply "house cleaning" to lists of items, deleting items (URL records) which are redundant, no longer valid, etc., in order to save space. As Bates updates a link map pursuant to record deletion, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to interpret deletion as a link (Bates link) as broken, therefore the source identifier would not be referenced.

In regard to dependent claim 14, Bates teaches the Internet (Bates column 6 lines 39-50).

In regard to dependent claim 15, claim 15 incorporate substantially similar subject matter as claimed in claim 1, and in further view of the following, is rejected along the same rationale.

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Bates teaches the Internet (Bates column 6 lines 39-50), typically comprising a plurality of

interconnected (distinct) computer system hosts.

Bates teaches two addresses reflective of information about each host: "http:\\ibm.com" and

"http://www.uspto.gov" (Bates Figure 1, also column 25 lines 20-35).

Conclusion

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be

directed to William L. Bashore whose telephone number is (571) 272-4088. The examiner can normally be

reached on 11:30am - 8:00pm EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Heather

Herndon can be reached on (571) 272-4136. The fax phone number for the organization where this application

or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

7. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application

Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from

either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through

Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you

have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-

9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the

automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

WILLIAM BASHORE PRIMARY EXAMINER

October 1, 2006